

Adam J. Farber, MD

Sports Medicine and Orthopaedic Surgery
Board Certified; Fellowship-trained in Sports Medicine & Arthroscopic Surgery
P: 480-219-3342; F: 480-219-3271

Post-Operative Protocol for Distal Biceps Tendon Repair

Immediate Post-operative Phase: Restrictive Motion

Goals:

Protect the anatomic repair Prevent negative effects of immobilization Diminish pain and inflammation

Day 1-14:

Immobilization: Posterior splint, elbow immobilization at 90° Wrist/hand ROM exercises 4-6 times per day Hand gripping exercises 4-6 times per day

Intermediate Phase: Moderate Protection Phase

Goals:

Gradually restore full ROM (week 8) in hinged elbow brace Preserve the integrity of the surgical repair No elbow flexion or supination strengthening for 10 weeks

Range of Motion Progression:

Week 2: 45° to full elbow flexion

Week 3: 35° to full elbow flexion

Week 4: 25° to full elbow flexion

Week 5: 15° to full elbow flexion

Week 6: 10° to full elbow flexion. Begin full supination/pronation

Week 7: Full ROM of elbow; Full supination/pronation

Week 8: Discontinue hinged elbow brace

Range of Motion Exercises:

Week 2-5: Passive ROM for elbow flexion and supination
Active and active-assisted ROM for elbow extension and pronation

Week 6: Active and active-assisted ROM for elbow flexion, extension, supination, and pronation

Phase III: Strengthening Phase

- Week 10: Progressive resistive exercise program is initiated for elbow flexion and supination
 - Begin with one lb and gradually increase strengthening program
- Week 14: May initiate light weight training such as bench press and shoulder press
- Week 16: Full unrestricted strengthening activities